

Where N-Nitrosamine Assessments for Drug Products meet Extractable / Leachable Qualifications for Pharmaceutical Primary Packaging

31 March 2022



Intro – the issue with N-Nitrosamines

Since July 2018: recalls for

Valsartan

Other "Sartan" Drugs

Ploglitazone

Ranitinide

Metformin

Rifampicin

Rifapentine

Varenicline

Bumetanide

Sumatriptan

Deferasirox

N-nitrosamine contamination

N-nitroso-chemicals belong to cohort of concern (ICH M7):

High potency mutagenic carcinogens!

Monitor concentrations as defined in current Regulatory Guidelines (ppt levels)!

N-nitrosamine formation

During **Synthesis** drug Substance

(Sartans; NaNO₂ used to quench Azides)

Degradation of the API (Ranitidine)

Packaging

(Nitrocellulose laminated blister)



Intro - the issue with N-Nitrosamines

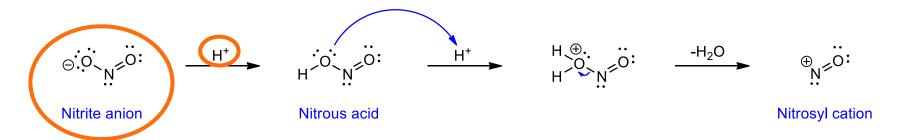
MORE SCRUTINY & CONSEQUENCES FOR:

- The Mutagenic Impurity Risk assessment
- The need for N-Nitrosamine monitoring in drug substances and drug products
- The analytical methods: method development & validation considerations

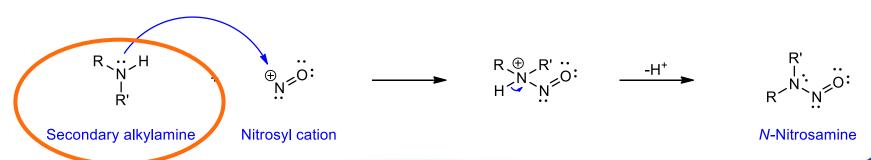
This presentation: N-nitrosamines in relation to E&L assessments



The actual nitrosation reagent is the nitrosyl cation, NO⁺ which is formed *in situ*:



Secondary alkyl or aryl amines yield *N*-nitrosamines:





Amine Sources

- Secondary Amines
- Tertiary Amines

can easily degrade to secondary amines, e.g.: •

- Triethylamine
- Diisopropylethylamine
- N-methylmorpholine
- Aromatic Amines
- Catalysts
- Solvents
- Impurities

- Dimethylformamide (DMF)
- N-methylpyrrolidinone (NMP)
- Quaternary Ammonium Salts
 - Tetrabutylammoniumbromide (TBAB)
- Additives



Nitrosating Agents

NaNO₂

 HNO_2

NO

CINO

BrNO

 N_2O_3

 N_2O_4

Organic Nitrites

Side reactions in nitration reactions

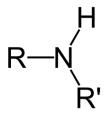
Hydroxylamine under oxidative conditions

Chloramines

Ozone

Other...





Aqueous Acidic Environment

HNO₂ / Nitrosating Agent

$$R^{1}_{N} R^{2}$$

$$R^{2}_{N}$$

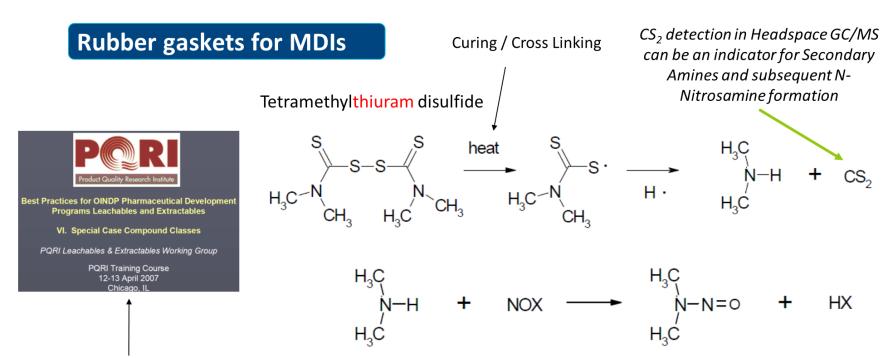
Low [HNO₂ /nitrosating compound] **Low** [Secondary Amines]

High [HNO₂ /nitrosating compound]
Low [Secondary Amines]

High [HNO₂ /nitrosating compound] **High** [Secondary Amines]

Increasing risk of N-Nitrosamine Formation





Based on work done by Dan Norwood & James O. Mullis



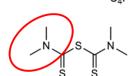
Rubber gaskets for MDIs – Overview of old and new vulcanizers / accelerators

6-(dibutylamino)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-dithiol

Tetramethylthiuram disulfide

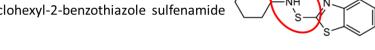
Zinc bis(dibutyldithiocarbamate)

Tetramethylthiuram monosulfide

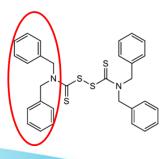


N-cyclohexyl-2-benzothiazole sulfenamide

N,N'-Caprolactam disulfide

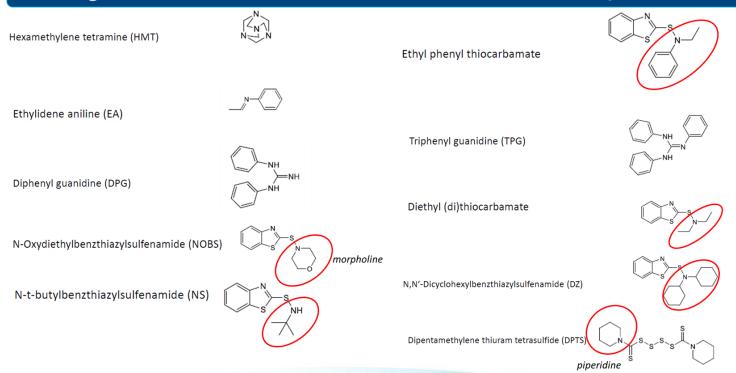


N,N,N',N'-Tetrabenzylthiuram disulfide





Rubber gaskets for MDIs – Overview of old and new vulcanizers / accelerators





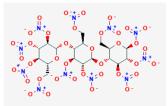
Rubber gaskets for MDIs – Overview of old and new vulcanizers / accelerators

Rubber Accelerators: A lot of Tertiary Amines which easily degrade to secondary amines during the rubber curing!!



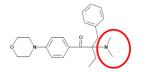
Nitrocellulose blister foil

Nitrosating compound: Nitrocellulose

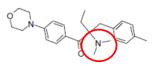


Many pigments (azo) used in printing inks contain nitrogen in their chemical structure. some may contain secondary and tertiary amine functional groups on the skeletal exterior.

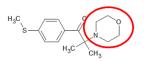
UV-Curing Agents Irgacure 369



Irgacure 379



Irgacure 907



3. Risk Assessment for Nitrocellulose Packaging Materials

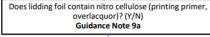


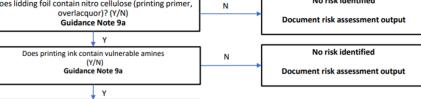


No risk identified

No risk identified

Document risk assessment output





N

Does risk remain after evaluation of specific equipment/ blistering process and the specific product (e.g. local extract, small product surface area) (Y/N) Guidance Note 9a

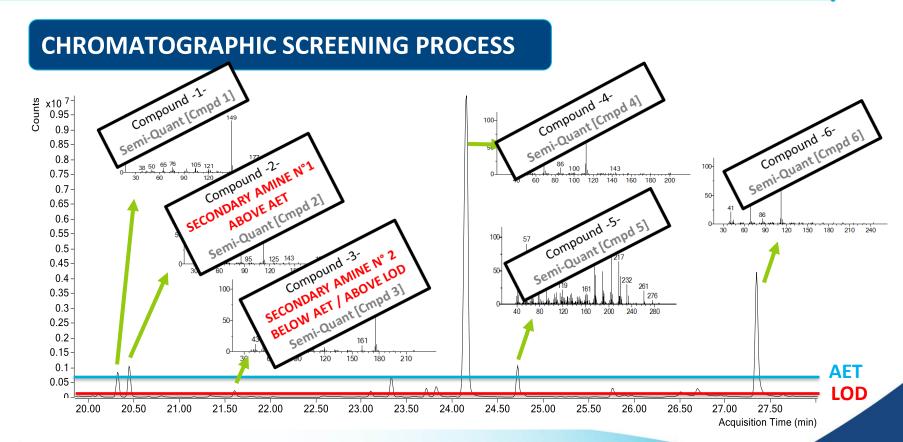
heat seal



OPEN QUESTIONS

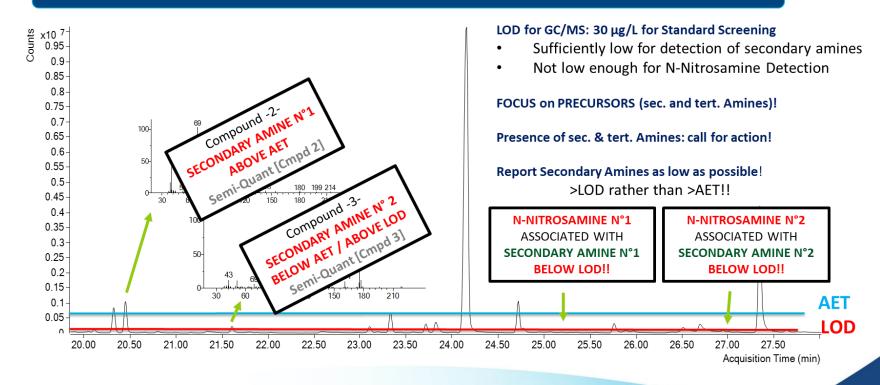
- What about other materials?
- Not all have the same risk for presence of secondary amines
 - Risk assessment: check the known composition of the material to see if any compounds are present that could lead to generating secondary amines
- How can the risk of presence of N-Nitrosamines in packaging components be assessed?
- Do all components and materials need to be assessed?
- Can we be selective in what should be evaluated?





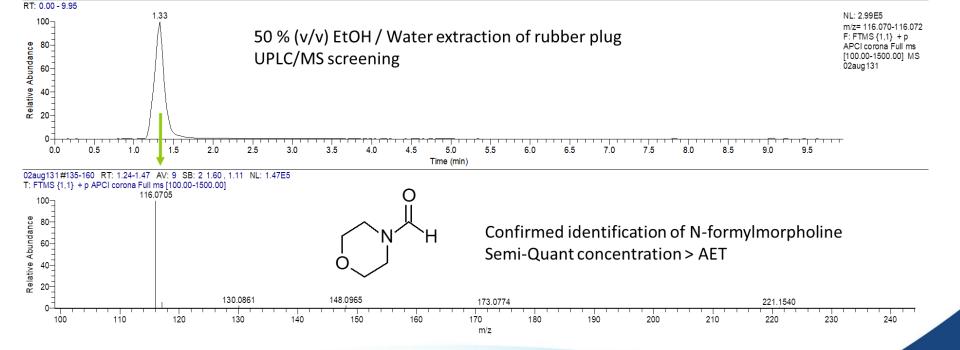


CHROMATOGRAPHIC SCREENING PROCESS



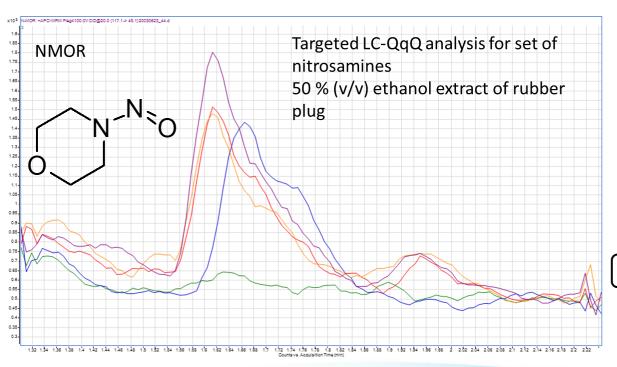


CASE STUDY 1: RUBBER PLUG (2020)





CASE STUDY 1 (cont): RUBBER PLUG (2020)



Blank extract

Sample 1

Sample 2

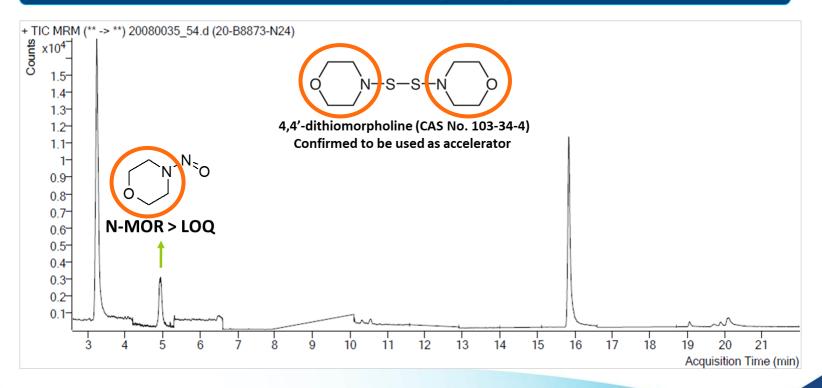
Sample 3

Sample 4

N-nitrosomorpholine > LOQ

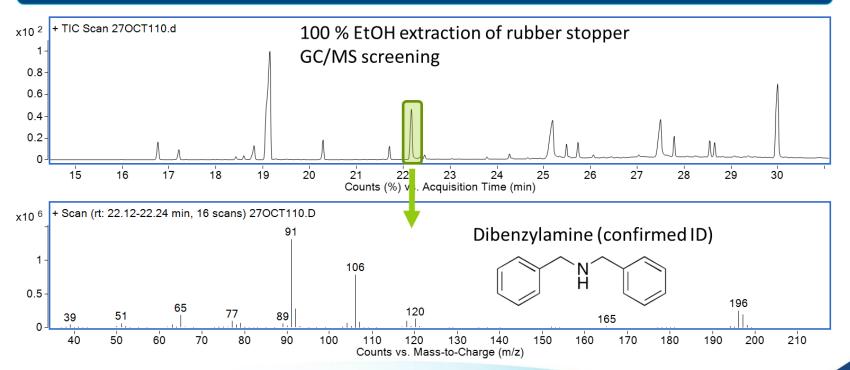


CASE STUDY 2: RUBBER STOPPER (2020)





CASE STUDY 3: RUBBER STOPPER (2021)

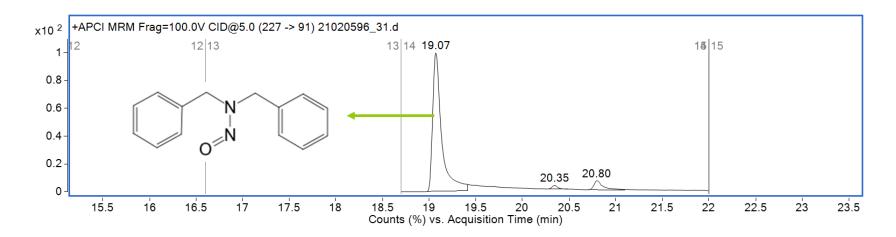




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CASE STUDY 3 (cont): RUBBER STOPPER (2021)

Targeted LC-QqQ analysis for set of nitrosamines - 50 % (v/v) ethanol extract of same rubber stopper





Potential consequences for extractables study design

Presence of secondary (& tertiary) amines in materials / components: TRIGGER for ACTION

- Be sure you can identify all relevant secondary and tertiary amines in materials research (DATABASE!)
- Report Secondary & Tertiary Amines above the LOD, rather than above the AET?
- When secondary amines are present: Further investigate the material for N-Nitrosamine presence with targeted, sensitive analytical method
- Two options:
 - Specific N-nitrosamine quantification related to the observed secondary amines
 - Broader detection of a list of N-Nitrosamine compounds



Potential consequences for leachables study design

If no amines were detected > LOD in extractables study

no immediate concern of N-nitrosamine presence from a <u>packaging perspective</u>

no direct consequence for the leachable study

(which does not mean N-nitrosamines can't be present in the drug product)



Potential consequences for leachables study design

When N-Nitrosamines should be monitored in a leachables study?

- OBVIOUS: if N-Nitrosamines are directly detected in a material extract
 - Consider change of material of construction?
 - No material change: monitor the N-Nitrosamine in the drug product leachables study
- LESS OBVIOUS: if secondary (& tertiary) amines are detected in the material, but no N-nitrosamines present in the material
 - Can N-nitrosamines be formed in the Drug Product (during stability) from "secondary amine" Leachables from the materials?
 - Little is known about the "in-situ" formation of N-Nitrosamines in the drug product
 - Are there any Nitrosating Agents present in the drug product?
 - Is the reaction environment favorable to form N-Nitrosamines?



Potential consequences for leachables study design

HOWEVER

It cannot be excluded that in future a broader targeted method for specific – and regulated N-Nitrosamines will be included into the Leachable study design



What can we learn from the ICH Q3D implementation on E/L-strategies?

Elemental Impurities in **EXTRACTABLES:**

Focus on known composition of materials + Broader Screening

June 2016 Implementation of

ICH Q3D

Elemental Impurities in **EXTRACTABLES:**ALL ICH Q3D ELEMENTAL

IMPURITIES

Elemental Impurities in **LEACHABLES:**

Focus: ELEMENTAL IMPURITIES detected in EXT studies

RELEVANT Elemental Impurities

Elemental Impurities in **LEACHABLES:**

ALL ICH Q3D ELEMENTAL IMPURITIES

ALL

Elemental Impurities



What can we learn from the ICH Q3D implementation on E/L-strategies?

Potential presence of N-Nitrosamines in **EXTRACTABLES:**

Limited to certain applications and associated materials

2019 - 2021 REGULATIONS FDA & EMA N-NITROSAMINES

SCREEN FOR
LIST OF N-NITROSAMINES IN
ERIALS?

Potential presence of N-Nitrosamines in **LEACHABLES:**

Limited to certain applications and associated materials

RELEVANT N-Nitrosamines

LEACH BLES:

TAKGET

LIST OF N-NIT DISAMINES IN

ALL DRUG PRODUCTS?

ALL LISTED
N-Nitrosamines



Conclusion

- There is a general concern about the presence of N-Nitrosamines in Drug Products
- One of the **potential sources** of N-Nitrosamines is the **packaging** of the drug product
- Historical Cases showed N-Nitrosamine contamination of the Drug Product from the Packaging
- Do we know everything about the packaging already?
 - Assessment of production and composition of packaging materials
- For Extractable Studies: focus on precursors of N-Nitrosamine formation above LOD
 - Secondary Amines
 - Tertiary Amines
- Potentially monitor secondary/tertiary amines during Leachable studies
- Include associated N-Nitrosamine monitoring at low levels in Leachable studies?
- What will the future bring? General monitoring of N-Nitrosamines in Leachable Studies?
- Time will tell...



Thank you

Questions?

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