

Applying the New ISO 10993

(Risk-based Approach to Biocompatibility)

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Standards for Presentation

ISO 10993 Suite

Standards that cover all testing under
“Biological evaluation of medical devices”

US FDA guidance document

“Use of International Standard ISO 10993-1, ‘Biological evaluation of medical devices - Part 1: Evaluation and testing within a risk management process’” issued June 16, 2016.

CHANGE

The Years of Change in Biocompatibility





Use of International Standard ISO 10993-1, "Biological evaluation of medical devices - Part 1: Evaluation and testing within a risk management process"



International
Organization for
Standardization

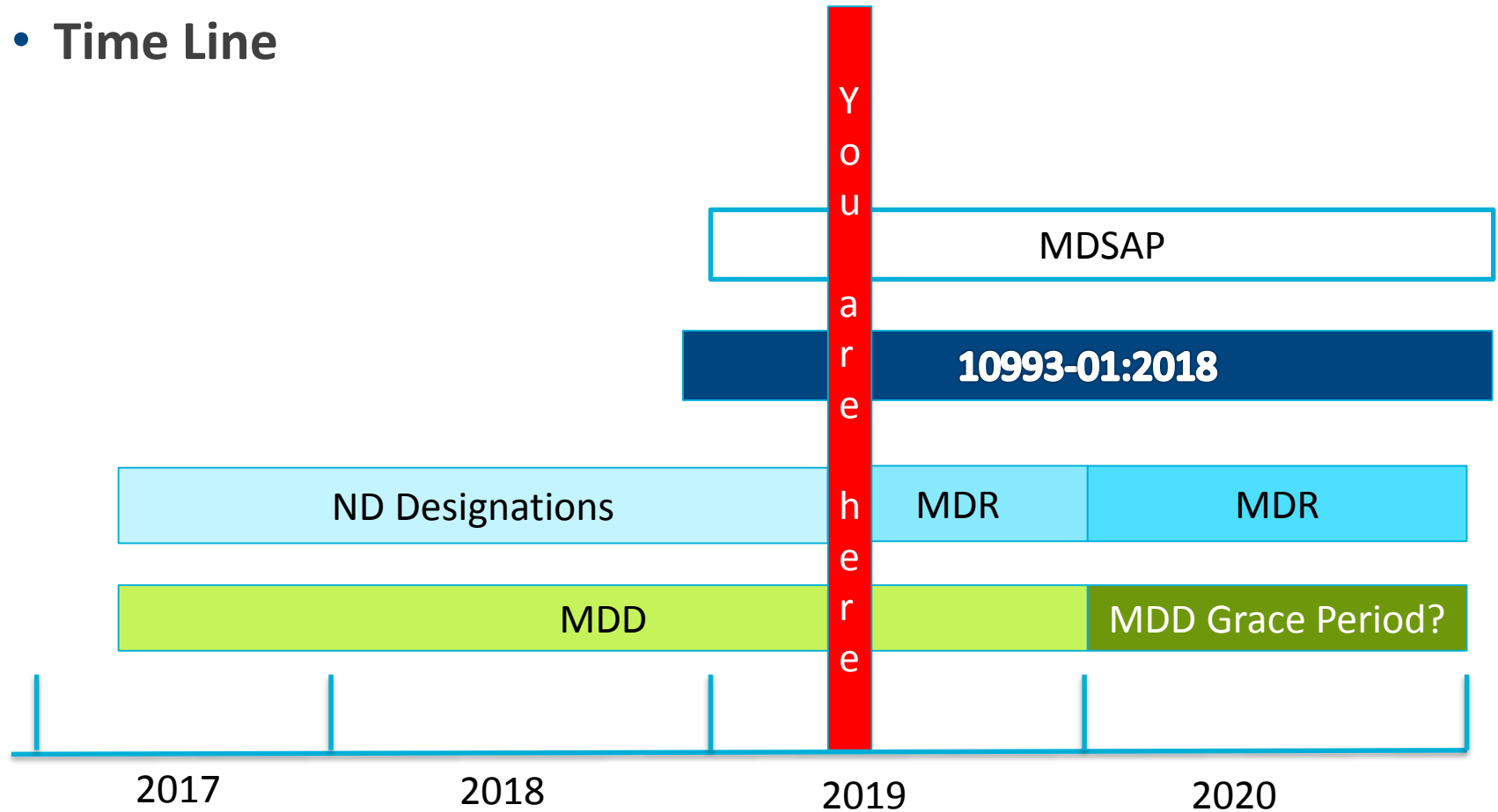
Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 1: Evaluation and testing within a risk management process



EU Medical Device Regulation

The MDR Countdown!

- Time Line



Then Everything Changed....



More Governance



More Clinical Data



Now the Clock is Ticking

- Are we going to be ready?



Our industry is prepared to submit product files to comply with the new Medical Device Regulation (MDR). However, we cannot do so. The new regulatory system is not ready to function. The deadline for the system to be fully operational is not 26 May 2020, the date of MDR application as the Commission continues to suggest. The deadline for the system to be ready for our industry to comply is now.

Re: Open letter on the implementation and readiness status of the new Medical Device Regulation 745/2017 (MDR)

Dear Vice-President Katainen,

I am writing to you regarding an issue of absolute urgency for patient care across Europe and for the internal market at large. The medical device industry in Europe confirms that without immediate action by the European Commission, the new regulatory system will not be ready on time to ensure continued access of patients and healthcare systems to life-saving and life-transforming devices.

Our industry is prepared to submit product files to comply with the new Medical Device Regulation (MDR). However, we cannot do so. The new regulatory system is not ready to function. The deadline for the system to be fully operational is not 26 May 2020, the date of MDR application as the Commission continues to suggest. The deadline for the system to be ready for our industry to comply is now.

One of the critical concerns is the designation and capacity of Notified Bodies, which the European Commission and Member States are still assessing to the new rules. It is only after being designated that



The Links

<http://www.fda.gov/downloads/medicaldevices/deviceregulationandguidance/guidancedocuments/ucm348890.pdf>

<http://data.consilium.europa.eu/doc/document/ST-10728-2016-INIT/en/pdf>

https://standards.aami.org/higherlogic/ws/public/download/11414/Public%20Review%20Draft%20CDV_2%20010993_1.pdf

Is Your Backpack Too Full?



Is biocompatibility really necessary?

“My device has been on the market for years...”

“We only use biocompatible materials...”

“Our materials are made according to ASTM standards...”

“We did some testing during the device R&D...”

“Our device is only used for 5 minutes...”

Past Approach

“I don’t have to understand the material's impact on the body.”

“I don’t have to understand the testing”
(black box approach)

Past Approach



Vs.



Initial Evaluation Tests for Consideration

Past Approach

Device
contactContact
timePerform
tests

Device Categories			Biological Effect									
Body Contact (see 4.1)		Contact duration (see 4.2)										
		A-limited (24h)										
		B-prolonged (24h to 30 days)										
		C-permanent (≥30days)	Cytotoxicity	Sensitization	Systemic Toxicity	Local Toxicity	Genotoxicity	Immunogenicity	Thrombogenicity	Biocompatibility	Biodegradability	Resorbability
Surface devices	Skin	A	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
		B	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
		C	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
External communicating devices	Mucosal membrane		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
	Breached or compromised surfaces		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
	Blood path, indirect		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Implant devices	Tissue/bone	A	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
	Blood	B	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
		C	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N



Initial Evaluation Tests for Consideration

Past Approach

Didn't understand

Materials

Testing

Device Categories			Biological Effect									
Body Contact (see 4.1)		Contact duration (see 4.2)										
Surface devices	Skin	A-limited (24h)	B-prolonged (24h to 30 days)	C-permanent (≥30 days)	Cytotoxicity	Sensitization	Inhibition of hemostatic function	Systemic toxicity	Local toxicity	Genotoxicity	Immunogenicity	Thromboembolicity
External communicating devices	Tissue/ bone	A	B	C	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Implant devices	Blood	A	B	C	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

ISO 10993 is all about RISK

ISO 10993 is intended as a guidance to determine the potential biological risks arising from the use of medical devices.



Meaning, what is the risk of my materials and processes to the patient?

ISO 10993-1: Biological evaluation of medical devices – Part 1: Evaluation and testing within a **risk** management process



Use of International Standard ISO 10993-1, "Biological evaluation of medical devices - Part 1: Evaluation and testing within a risk management process"

Section III. Risk Management for Biocompatibility Evaluations

“Such a process should generally begin with assessment of the device, including the **material components**, the **manufacturing processes**, the **clinical use of the device**...” Considering this information, the **potential risks from a biocompatibility perspective** should be identified. Considering the potential biological impact, a plan should be developed ... **either by biocompatibility testing or other evaluations that appropriately address the risks.**

Incorporating Risk



What is Risk?

ISO 14971 Definition: Combination of the **probability of occurrence** of harm and the **severity of that harm**.

Biological Safety Evaluation



**Biological
Evaluation Plan
(BEP):** What are your
risks and how do you
plan to mitigate them?



Testing and risk
assessments



**Biological
Evaluation Report
(BER):** Is the device
safe?



Biological Evaluation Plan (BEP)

- ❖ Identify Risks
 - ❖ Use Figure 1 in ISO 10993-1

The biological evaluation shall be planned, carried out, and documented by knowledgeable and experienced professionals.

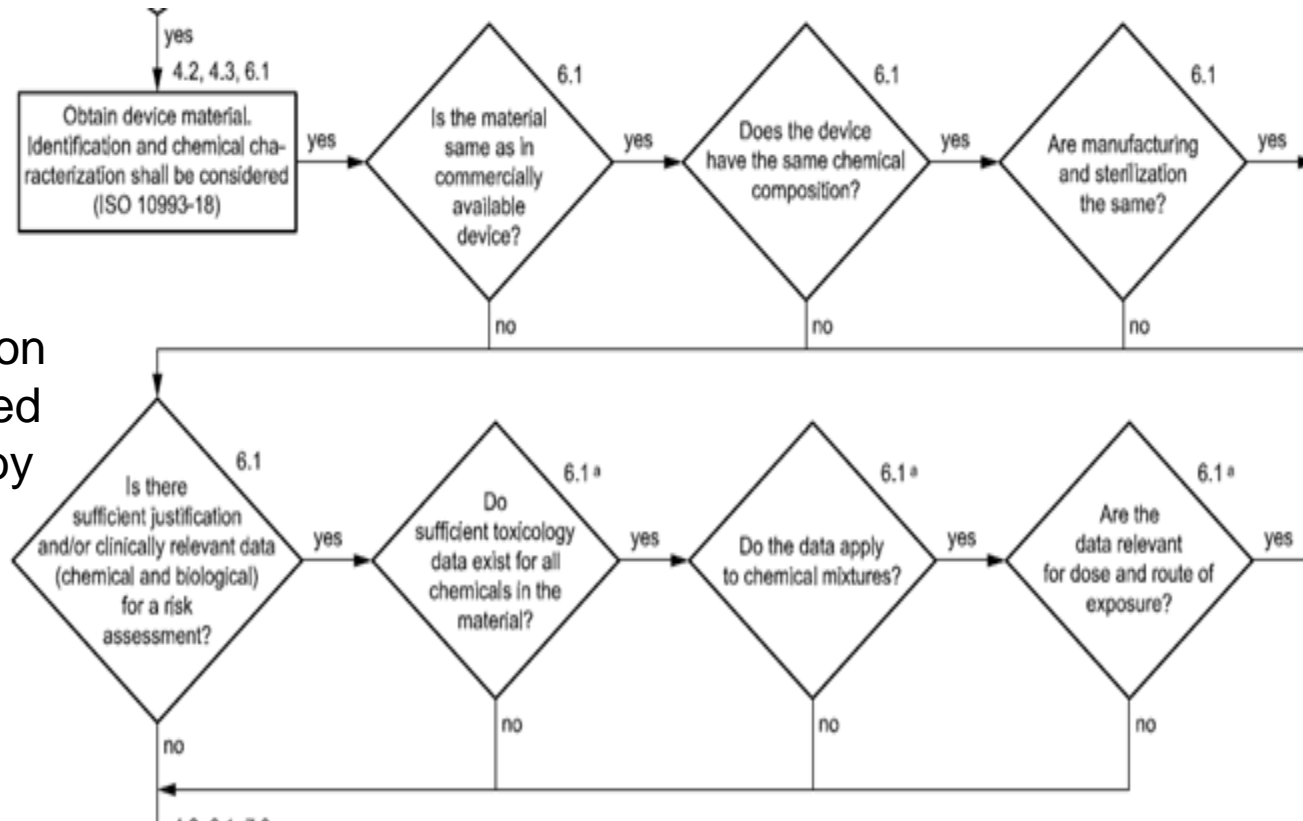


Table A.1: Biocompatibility Evaluation Endpoints

Medical device categorization by			Biological effect												
Category	Nature of Body Contact	Contact Duration	Cytotoxicity	Sensitization	Irritation or Intracutaneous Reactivity	Acute Systemic Toxicity	Material-Mediated Pyrogenicity	Subacute/Subchronic Toxicity	Genotoxicity	Implantation	Hemocompatibility	Chronic Toxicity	Carcinogenicity	Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity#	Degradation@
Surface device	Intact skin	A	X	X	X										
		B	X	X	X										
		C	X	X	X										
	Mucosal membrane	A	X	X	X										
		B	X	X	X	O	O	O		O					
		C	X	X	X	O	O	X	X	O		O			
	Breached or compromised surface	A	X	X	X	O	O								
		B	X	X	X	O	O	O		O					
		C	X	X	X	O	O	X	X	O		O	O		
External communicating device	Blood path, indirect	A	X	X	X	X	O				X				
		B	X	X	X	X	O	O			X				
		C	X	X	O	X	O	X	X	O	X	O	O		

⁶³ Device categorization information can be obtained informally via email, or as a part of ODE's Pre-Submission process. Refer to FDA's guidance document "[Requests for Feedback on Medical Device Submissions: The Pre-Submission Program and Meetings with Food and Drug Administration Staff - Guidance for Industry and FDA Staff](#)" (February 18, 2014).

Nature of Body Contact		Contact Duration													
Category	Contact	A – limited (≤24 h) B – prolonged (>24 h to 30 d) C – permanent (> 30 d)	Cytotoxicity	Sensitization	Irritation or Intracutaneous Reactivity	Acute Systemic Toxicity	Material-Mediated Pyrogenicity	Subacute/Subchronic Toxicity	Genotoxicity	Implantation	Hemocompatibility	Chronic Toxicity	Carcinogenicity	Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity#	Degradation@
	Tissue ⁺ /bone/ dentin	A	X	X	X	O	O								
		B	X	X	X	X	O	X	X	X					
		C	X	X	X	X	O	X	X	X		O	O		
	Circulating blood	A	X	X	X	X	O		O		X				
		B	X	X	X	X	O	X	X	X	X				
		C	X	X	X	X	O	X	X	X	X	O	O		
Implant device	Tissue ⁺ /bone	A	X	X	X	O	O								
		B	X	X	X	X	O	X	X	X					
		C	X	X	X	X	O	X	X	X		O	O		
	Blood	A	X	X	X	X	O		O	X	X				
		B	X	X	X	X	O	X	X	X	X				
		C	X	X	X	X	O	X	X	X	X	O	O		

X = ISO 10993-1:2009 recommended endpoints for consideration*

O = Additional FDA recommended endpoints for consideration*

Note * All X's and O's should be addressed in the biological safety evaluation, either through the use of existing data, additional endpoint-specific testing, or a rationale for why the endpoint does not require additional assessment.

Note ⁺ Tissue includes tissue fluids and subcutaneous spaces

Note [^] For all devices used in extracorporeal circuits

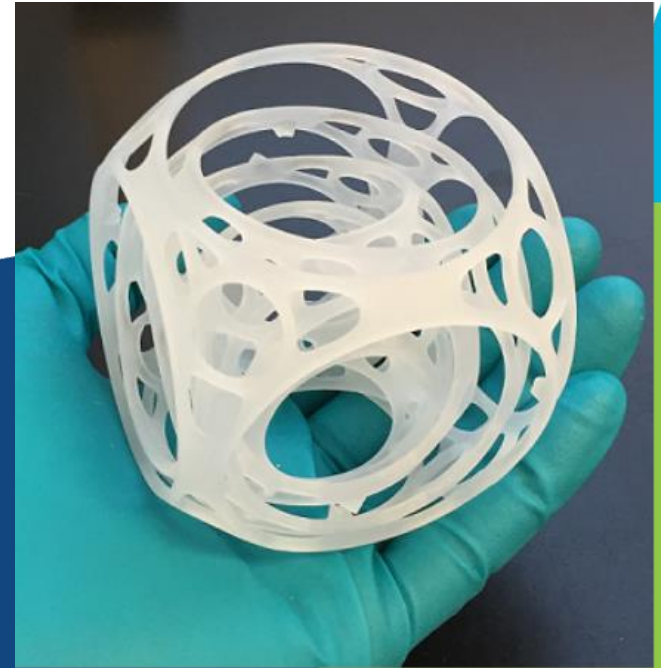
Note [#] Reproductive and developmental toxicity should be addressed for novel materials, materials with a known reproductive or developmental toxicity, devices with relevant target populations (e.g., pregnant women), and/or devices where there is the probability for local presence of device materials in the reproductive organs.

Note @ Degradation information should be provided for any devices, device components, or materials remaining in contact with tissue that are intended to degrade.

Table A.1 — Endpoints to be addressed in a biological risk assessment

Medical device categorization by			Endpoints of biological effects							
Nature of body contact		Contact duration	Physical and/or chemical information	Cytotoxicity	Sensitization	Irritation or intracutaneous reactivity	Material mediated pyrogenicity ^a	Acute systemic toxicity ^b	Subacute toxicity ^b	Subchronic toxicity ^b
Category	Contact	A - limited (≤24 h) B - prolonged (>24 h to 30 d) C - Long term (>30 d)								
Surface medical device	Intact skin	A	X _s	E ^h	E	E				
		B	X	E	E	E				
		C	X	E	E	E				
	Mucosal membrane	A	X	E	E	E				
		B	X	E	E	E		E	E	
		C	X	E	E	E		E	E	E
	Breached or compromised surface	A	X	E	E	E	E	E		
		B	X	E	E	E	E	E	E	
		C	X	E	E	E	E	E	E	E
Externally communicating medical device	Blood path, indirect	A	X	E	E	E	E	E		
		B	X	E	E	E	E	E	E	
		C	X	E	E	E	E	E	E	E
	Tissue/ bone/ dentin ⁱ	A	X	E	E	E	E	E		
		B	X	E	E	E	E	E	E	
		C	X	E	E	E	E	E	E	E
	Circulating blood	A	X	E	E	E	E	E		
		B	X	E	E	E	E	E	E	
		C	X	E	E	E	E	E	E	E

Material Evaluation



What Are The Challenges?

Understand your product



Understand changes to your product through its lifecycle



Understand the impact of leachables substances within your product



Can you predict clinical safety from only a few tests conducted on the product



Remember: risks may change over the life of the product



Understand the Product

Materials

- New materials
- Leveraged materials
- Material interactions?
- Combination products



Geometry

Patient Contact

Failure Modes
(additional exposure?)

Toxicological Safety Assessment

Factors influencing Toxicity within ISO 10993-1

- Duration of patient exposure
- Patient contact type
- Amount of exposure (the dose makes the poison)
- Increased exposure (leachables & degradants)
- Materials of concern (characterization)

Colors?

Material or Chemical Characterization?

This is the first step of
the ISO 10993
Biocompatibility
process.

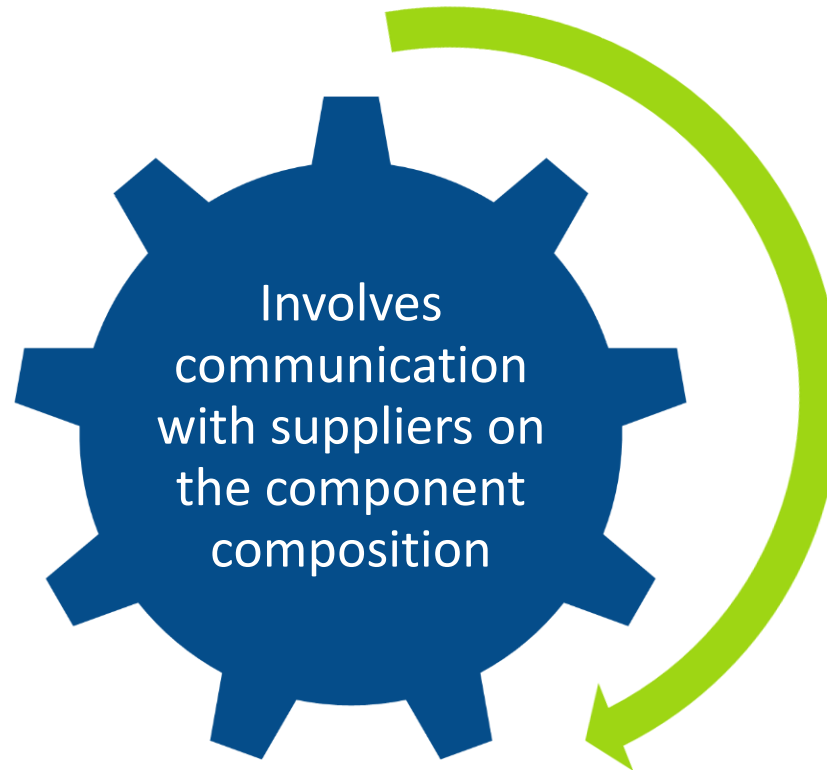
“In the selection of materials to be used in device manufacture, the first consideration shall be fitness for purpose with regard to characteristics and properties of the material, which include chemical, toxicological, physical, electrical, morphological and mechanical properties.” ISO 10993-1

Material Characterization



This involves review of the materials of manufacture
and not just the finished product.

Material Characterization



Material Characterization


Medical Device Manufacturers need to have **solid relationships with suppliers** and ensure full disclosure of materials through:

Manufacturing agreements	Composition disclosures	Processing aide and residual chemical disclosure	Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS)	Device Master File Information availability to the regulatory authorities
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New Directives

What's New?

- Framework is the same....but the new regulations introduce a considerably more prescriptive requirements in almost every area.
- The 14 Essential Requirements are replaced with 23 General Safety and Performance Requirements with much more detail.



Software requirements are spelt out indepth including consideration of data privacy and cybersecurity.

Classifications are revised to capture a host of new devices into Class III and introduce special requirements for Class I reusable surgical instruments.

There are detailed requirements for Risk Management, Postmarket Monitoring and Clinical Evaluation, and these fundamental aspects of regulation are much more tightly integrated.

There are new requirements around single use devices and their reprocessing.

Custom devices which are mass produced will no longer be exempted from conformity assessment.

Notified Bodies are no longer contracting partners that allow for collaboration with the medical device industry, including enforcement tasks and extended authorities (e.g. unannounced inspections).

Phase 3: Biological Evaluation Report



Biological Evaluation Report

Attachment C: Summary Biocompatibility Documentation

The example table (Table C.1) is provided to illustrate one possible approach to documentation of the biocompatibility information included or referenced in a submission; other approaches are acceptable. Manufacturers are encouraged to use an approach that works for their specific purposes, taking into account the considerations discussed in this guidance document. Note that these are generalized examples to demonstrate documentation and do not necessarily account for every possible consideration.

Table C.1 - Example Table of Summary Biocompatibility Evaluation Information for a Device Submission

Biological endpoint	Location of new test reports provided in submission	Location of test reports leveraged from previous submission	Supporting data from literature	Citation	Test article	Rationale for why additional information isn't needed
Cytotoxicity	Implant: L929 testing (V2, App A-1, pdf p.x/200) Implantation accessory: L929 testing (V3, App B-1, pdf p. x/300)	Implant: [DEVICE NAME] (K# V2, App X-1, pdf p.x/200) Implantation accessory: [DEVICE NAME] (K# V3, App X-1, pdf p.x/300)	n/a	n/a	Identical - see documentation (per Attachment F) V1, pdf p.x/100	Testing conducted on final, sterilized device (implant tested separately from implantation accessory)
Genotoxicity	Implant: chemical characterization (V2, App A-2, pdf p. x/200)	n/a	Test name (e.g., chromosomal aberration): doses with effects and/or doses without effects	Author, Title, Journal, date, volume, and pages	Slight differences between test article and final, sterilized device – see comparison information: V1, pdf p.x/100	Genotoxicity tests are hazard identification tests. Chemical characterization data can be used to confirm that chemicals which elute from the device are not genotoxic per literature.

Biological Evaluation Report

- 1.0 Background.....
- 2.0 Purpose
- 3.0 Device Description
- 4.0 Device Categorization
- 5.0 Assessment
- 5.1 Materials.....
- 5.5 Material Change Risk Assessment
- 6.0 Conclusion
- 7.0 References

CONCLUSION: “Based on the testing results and information summarized in this report, the DEVICE is biocompatible and meets the requirements of ISO10993-1:2009: *Biological evaluation of medical devices – Part 1*.



Offerings

- Biological Risk Assessment
 - Material change

Nelson Labs.
A Sotera Health company

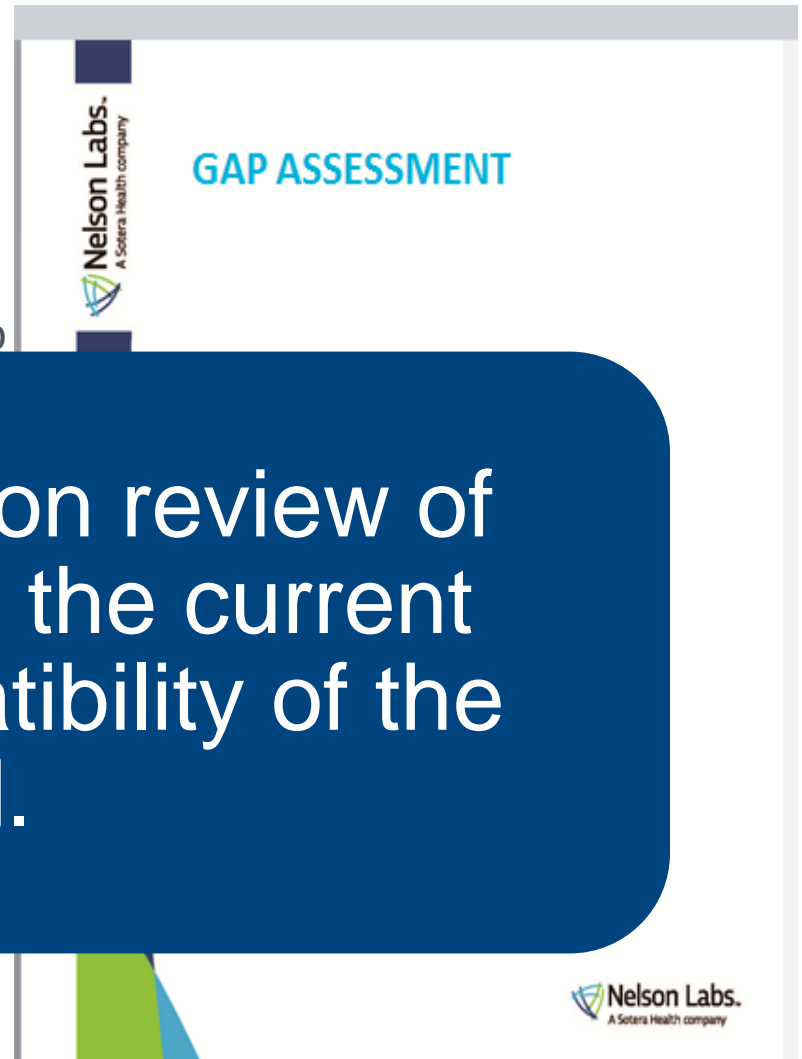
BIOLOGICAL RISK
ASSESSMENT

CONCLUSION: Based on the literature review of compound/material, it is my opinion that the change would pose a low risk of toxicity and adverse effects to the patient from this material change would be unlikely. Additional animal testing would not generate useful data and would not follow the guidance in ISO 10993 part 2.

Offerings

- Gap Analysis
- Purpose
 - The purpose of this report is to perform a gap

CONCLUSION: Based on review of the tests performed and the current standards the biocompatibility of the device is well supported.





Set of Devices:

- 4 different plate sizes
 - 5 different screw sizes
 - Each screw comes in two colors
 - Each plate available in cpTi or 316SS
 - Each plate and screw equivalently available from 2 suppliers
-
- 36 line items to be considered
 - 80 different possible patient contacting configurations

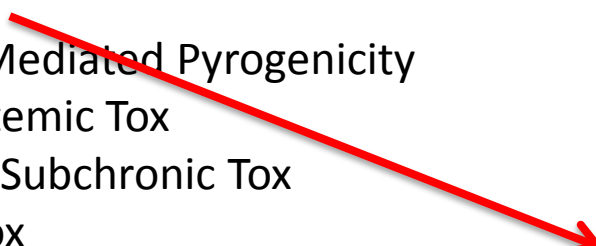
Step 1: Understand Endpoints Required for Evaluation

Table A.1 (continued)

Medical device categorization by			Endpoints of biological evaluation														
Nature of body contact		Contact duration	Physical and/or chemical information	Cyto toxicity		Irrita tion or intra cuta neous reac tivity	Ma terial media ted pyro geni city ^a	Acute syste mic toxici ty ^b	Sub acu te toxici ty ^b	Sub chro nic toxici ty ^b	Chr onic toxici ty ^b	Impla nta tion ef fects ^{b,c}	Hem ocom pa tibili ty	Gen otox ici ty ^d	Car cin oge nic ity ^d	Repro duc tive/ develop men tal toxici ty ^{d,e}	Deg rada tion ^f
Category	Contact	A – limited (≤24 h) B – prolonged (>24 h to 30 d) C – Long term (>30 d)															
Implant medical device	Tissue/bone ⁱ	A	X	E	E	E	E	E									
		B	X	E	E	E	E	E	E			E		E			
		C	X	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E		E	E		
	Blood	A	X	E	E	E	E	E				E	E	E			
		B	X	E	E	E	E	E	E			E	E	E			
		C	X	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E		

Device with Permanent Contact Tissue/bone

Required Endpoint for Evaluation:

- Cytotoxicity
 - Sensitization
 - Irritation
 - Material Mediated Pyrogenicity
 - Acute Systemic Tox
 - Subacute/Subchronic Tox
 - Chronic Tox
 - Genotox
 - Carcinogenicity
 - Implantation
- 

General Options to Address Risks:

- Written evaluation addressing risk without testing
- Traditional biological tests
- Chemistry testing followed by written evaluation

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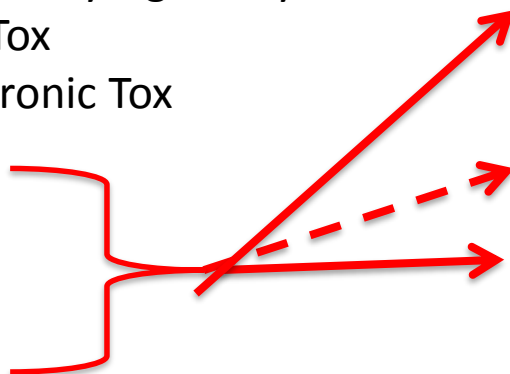
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- Implantation

General Options to Address Risks:

- Written evaluation addressing risk without testing
- Traditional biological tests
- Chemistry testing followed by written evaluation

Step 2: Look at Options for Evaluations (no usable existing data)

Biological Endpoint to be Addressed	Course of Action	Reason
Cytotoxicity	Biological Testing	Even though materials are common, residuals from manufacturing are unknown and could be concerning, no existing data to support endpoints
Sensitization		
Irritation		
Material Mediated Pyrogenicity		
Acute Systemic Toxicity	Chemistry Testing and Assessment	
Subacute/Subchronic Toxicity		
Genotox		
Chronic Toxicity		
Carcinogenicity		
e Implantation	Biological Testing	

Step 2: Look at Options for Evaluations (lots of usable data)

Biological Endpoint to be Addressed	Course of Action	Reason
Cytotoxicity	Biological Testing	Useful to screen for the unexpected
Sensitization	Written Assessment	Cleaning validation proves there are no residuals, material is well proven
Irritation		
Material Mediated Pyrogenicity	Biological Testing	Useful to screen for the unexpected
Acute Systemic Toxicity	Written Assessment	Cleaning validation proves there are no residuals at concentrations above a TTC
Subacute/Subchronic Toxicity		
Genotox		
Chronic Toxicity		
Carcinogenicity		

Step 3: Family Groupings

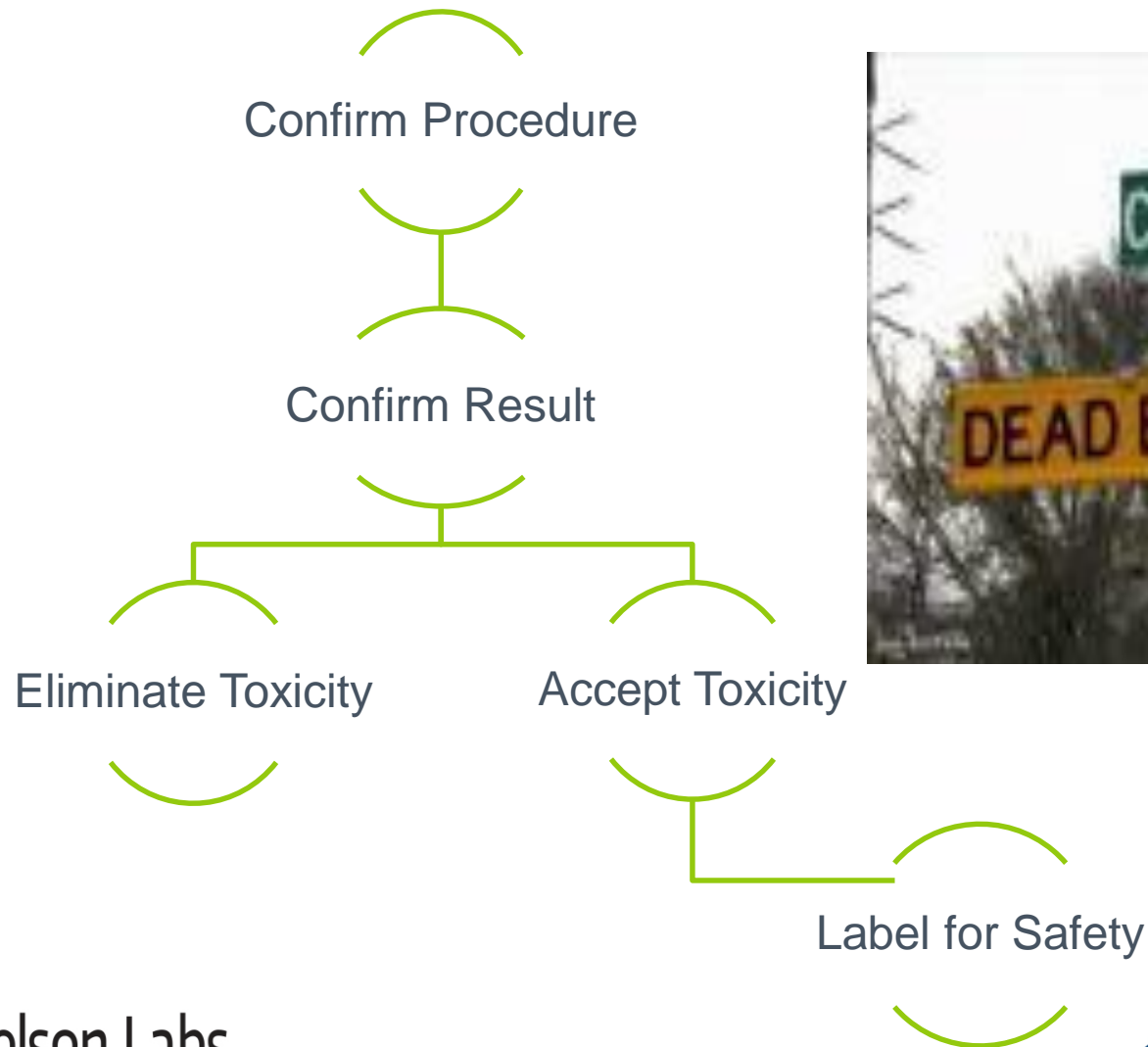
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Family Groupings:

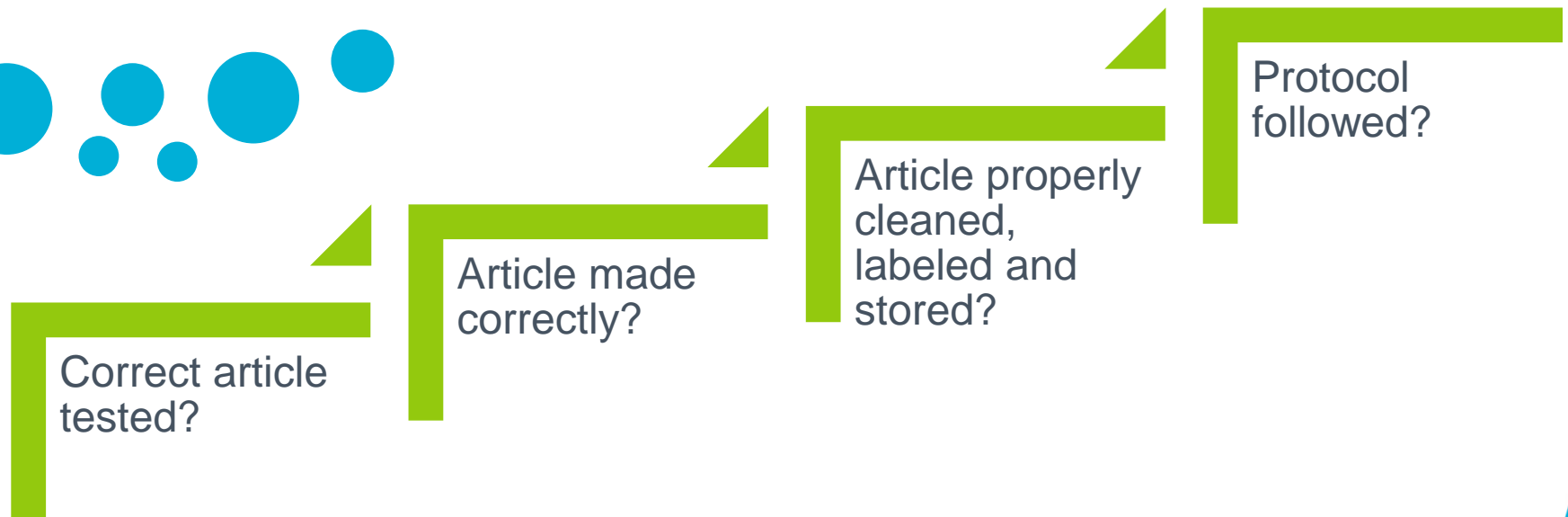
- Largest plate size
- Largest screw size*
- Test cpTi and 316SS separately
- Pool plates from different suppliers
- Colored screws can be considered equivalent if colored using anodization
- **One or two sets of parts can represent entire collection**

What If I Fail a Test?



What If I Fail a Test?

Confirm Procedure



What If I Fail a Test?



**Confirm
Result**

Do the repeat
tests have the
same result?

Physical /
Chemical
Profile

Published
Literature

Lot history

What If I Fail a Test?



Eliminate Toxicity

Change test
procedure?

Reformulate
test article?

Reconfigure
test article?

Replace
material with
another?

What If I Fail a Test?



More Information

Irritation and sensitization *in vitro* developments

- Sensitization working on bringing laboratories together to collaborate on a procedure.

“How Chemical Characterization Can Supplement & Support Biocompatibility Testing”

- Authors - Sarah Campbell, Thor Rollins, Audrey Turley <http://directory.qmed.com/download-this-whitepaper-to-examine-the-various-file060395.html>

FDA Guidance Document on ISO 10993-1

- <http://www.fda.gov/downloads/medicaldevices/deviceregulationandguidance/guidancedocuments/ucm348890.pdf>
- Effective September 14, 2016

QUESTIONS?

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